

Impact of processing on carotenoid bioaccessibility in citrus concentrates obtained by microfiltration

Sophie Di Corcia, Claudie Dhuique-Mayer, Manuel Dornier

▶ To cite this version:

Sophie Di Corcia, Claudie Dhuique-Mayer, Manuel Dornier. Impact of processing on carotenoid bioaccessibility in citrus concentrates obtained by microfiltration. F&V Processing 2020 - Third Symposium on fruits and vegetables Processing, Nov 2020, Montpellier, France. hal-03895067

HAL Id: hal-03895067 https://institut-agro-montpellier.hal.science/hal-03895067v1

Submitted on 16 Mar 2023

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

Impact of processing on carotenoid bioaccessibility in citrus concentrates obtained by microfiltration

Sophie Di CORCIA^{1*}, Claudie DHUIQUE-MAYER^{1,2}, Manuel DORNIER¹

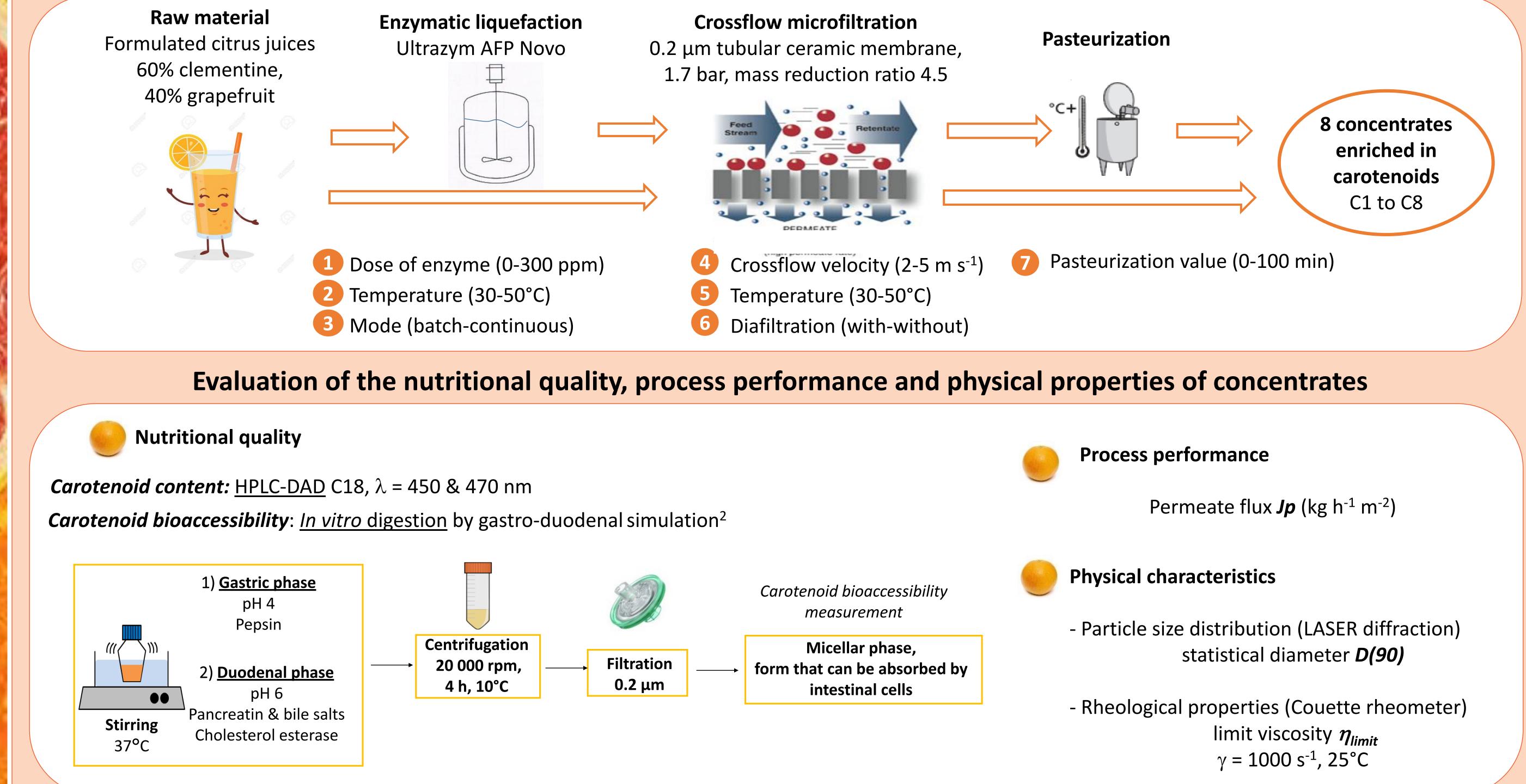
¹ QualiSud, Univ. Montpellier, Cirad, Institut Agro, Univ. Avignon, Univ. La Réunion, Montpellier, France ² CIRAD, UMR QualiSud, F-34398 Montpellier, France *Corresponding author : sophie.di_corcia@cirad.fr – Tel +33 6 95 74 36 90

Introduction

Citrus juices are interesting sources of carotenoids especially β -carotene (BC) and β -cryptoxanthin (BCX) as pro-vitamin A which contribute with lycopene (LYC) to their health benefits. Thanks to an innovative eco-friendly process that includes a crossflow microfiltration step¹, carotenoids can be concentrated at low temperature. This process also modifies physical properties of concentrates and so could affect carotenoid bioaccessibility. The aim of this study was to evaluate the effect of the main processing parameters on both carotenoid bioaccessibility and process performance.

Methodology

Three processing steps with modulation of 7 operating parameters (Plackett-Burman experimental design)



<u>Results</u>

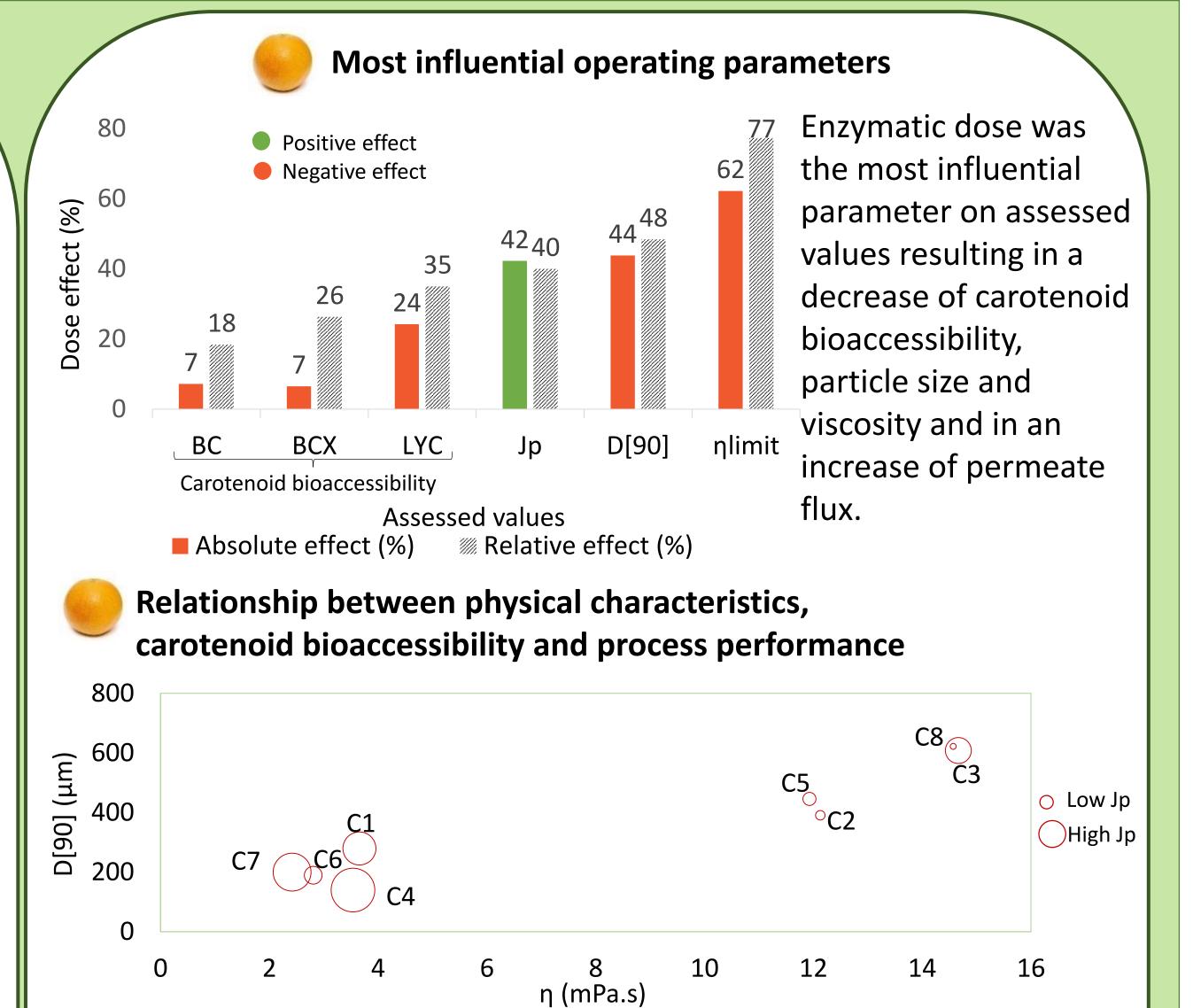
Carotenoid Content C ₀ (mg.kg ⁻¹)			Carotenoid Bioaccessibility B ₀ (%)			D[90] (μm)	η _{limit} (mPa.s)
1.41	3.19	5.03	18.12	26.41	0.51	2152,2	3,2
(0.04)	(0.35)	(0.16)	(0.51)	(0.50)	(0.02)	(27,2)	(0,2)

Process impact on carotenoid pool

Processing resulted in a four-fold increase in carotenoid content for all concentrates. So, carotenoid content was not impacted by any of studied operating parameters.



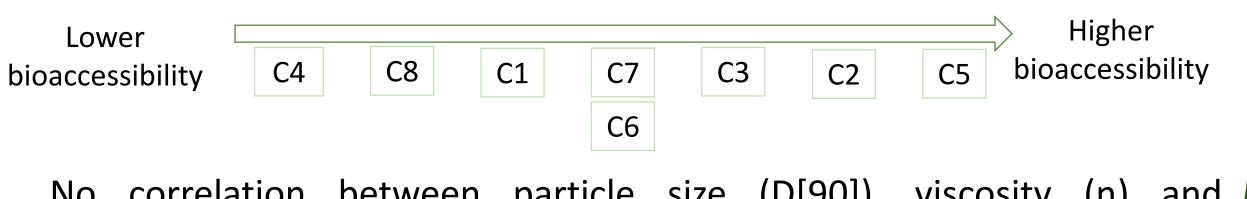
Carotenoid bioaccessibilities were effectively affected by processing and varied



between concentrates. They were mainly modifed by enzymatic liquefaction conditions.

Process performance

Permeate flux varied from 15 to 121 kg h⁻¹ m⁻². It was strongly increased by the dose of enzyme, filtration temperature and crossflow velocity.



No correlation between particle size (D[90]), viscosity (η) and bioaccessibility was hightlighted. Concentrates with high Jp were characterized by low viscosity and low particle size.

<u>Conclusion</u>

The dose of enzyme is the parameter to be focused on. It has to be optimized in order to find the best compromise between carotenoid bioaccessibility and process performance. The other parameters were selected to give the best carotenoid bioaccessibility. Further investigations are needed to better understand the relationships between the chemico-physical properties of the concentrates and carotenoid bioaccessibility.

<u>References</u>

¹ Polidori J., Dhuique-Mayer C. & Dornier M. (2018). Crossflow microfiltration coupled with diafiltration to concentrate and purify carotenoids and flavonoids from citrus juices. *Innovative Food Science and Emerging Technologies, 45,* 320-329.

²Gence L., Servent A., Poucheret P., Hiol A. & Dhuique-Mayer C. (2018). Pectin structure and particle size modify carotenoid bioaccessibility and uptake by Caco-2 cells in citrus juices vs. Concentrates, Food & Function, 9, 3523-3531.

F&V Processing, Avignon 2020, 24 - 26 November 2020

